

The City of Calgary Population Profiles



Population Profile: Persons with Disabilities in Calgary (2022)

This profile provides information about people with disabilities in Calgary, based on data from Statistics Canada's 2022 Canadian Survey on Disability (CSD).

Key topics covered:

- Disability prevalence, severity, and type
- Labour force participation
- Median income
- Visible minority status
- Immigrant status
- Education level

About the Canadian Survey on Disability (CSD): The CSD aims to understand the experiences of Canadians aged 15 and over whose daily activities are limited by long-term conditions or health problems. This survey helps identify barriers faced by people with disabilities.

Survey details:

- Conducted every five years.
- Targets those aged 15+ who reported difficulties in daily activities on the 2021 census long-form questionnaire.
- Excludes people in collective dwellings (e.g., hospitals, nursing homes) and those living on First Nations reserves.

For more details on the CSD methodology, visit Statistics Canada's website: <u>Canadian Survey on Disability.</u>

Disability in Calgary in 2022

Disability Prevalence

- Overall: Approximately one out of every four Calgarians reported having a disability in 2022. (A rate of 24% and a total of 257,600 people)
 - In comparison: Alberta's rate was 28% and Canada's rate was 27%.
- Gender: There were more women with disabilities than men with disabilities.
 - o 27% of women and 21% of men reported disabilities.
- Age: The rate of disability was twice as high for seniors compared to younger adults.
 - 42% of seniors 65+ years old reported disabilities.
 - \circ 21% of those aged 15 64 years old reported disabilities.

Disability Severity

- The level of severity includes the consideration of a person's:
 - Number of disability types
 - Level of difficulty
 - Frequency of difficulty
- Among Calgarians with disabilities, 40% had a "severe" or "very severe" disability.

Disability Type

• The most common types of disability in Calgary in 2022 were pain-related and mental health-related.

- Frequency of types of disability out of Calgary's total population:
 - o Pain-related: 14%
 - Mental health-related: 10%
 - Flexibility: 9%
 - Mobility: 9%
 - $\circ~$ Seeing: 7%

- Learning: 6%
- Hearing: 5%
- Memory: 5%
- Dexterity: 5%
- Developmental: 2%
- Note: People can report more than one type of disability.

Labour Force Participation

• Definitions:

In the labour force refers to people who are employed and unemployed. Not in the labour force refers to people who:

- Are unable or unavailable to work.
- Have not actively looked for work in the past four weeks.
- Do not have a job starting in the next four weeks.
- A smaller percentage of people with disabilities were in the labour force compared to the total Calgary population.
 - People with disabilities: 72%
 - Total Calgary population: 78%
- Unemployment was slightly more common for people with disabilities compared to the total Calgary population.
 - People with disabilities: 12%
 - Total Calgary population: 10%
- Note: This data is for people aged 15 to 64 years.

Median Income

- Median income is a way to understand what a "typical" income looks like, without it being impacted by very high or very low incomes.
- People with disabilities in Calgary have a slightly higher median income compared to people with disabilities across Canada but have a lower median income than the total Calgary population.
- Median after-tax income for people with disabilities (aged 15-64) in 2021:
 - Calgary: \$35,280
 - o Alberta: \$35,850
 - o Canada: \$34,740
- Median after-tax income for all Calgarians (aged 15+) in 2020: \$40,000
- Note: The age groups and years are slightly different for the data for people with disabilities and the total Calgary population.

Visible Minority Status

- Statistics Canada uses the term "visible minority" to refers to people who are non-Caucasian in race or non-white in colour, other than Indigenous people. This includes the following groups: South Asian, Chinese, Black, Filipino, Latin American, Arab, Southeast Asian, West Asian, Korean, and Japanese.
- A smaller percentage of people with disabilities identified as a visible minority compared to the total population of Calgary.
 - 31% of people with disabilities identified as a visible minority.
 - 42% of Calgary's total population identified as a visible minority.

Immigrant Status

- There were fewer people with disabilities who identified as an immigrant compared to Calgary's total population.
 - 31% of people with disabilities identified as an immigrant.
 - 40% of Calgary's total population identified as an immigrant.

Education Level

- People with disabilities were less likely to have a higher education level compared to Calgary's total population.
- Percentages of those with no certificate, diploma, or degree:
 - People with disabilities: 21%
 - Total Calgary population: 14%
- Percentages of those with a university certificate, diploma, or degree at a bachelor level or above:
 - People with disabilities: 25%
 - Total Calgary population: 35%

Data sources for the information in this profile:

- Statistics Canada (2022), Canadian Survey on Disability, Tables 1 10, accessed through the Community Data Program.
- Statistics Canada (2023), Calgary Census Profile 2021, Catalogue no. <u>98-</u> <u>316-X2021001</u>.

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